# NEW-YORK

OR, GENERAL

Containing the fre hel ADVICES.



the in a state income to and en-

ADVERTISER.

both FOREIGN and DOMESTICK.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JOHN HOLT, NEAR THE EXCHANGE.

GR-WATER at NEW-YORK, and SUN'S RISING and SETTING, till Thursday next.

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PRICE-	CURK	ENT	, in NE	W-YO	RK.	
het per Buftel 6s. ad.   Beef per Barrel					45% od.	
185. 6d.   Pork					80s. od.	
own Bread	185	od.	Salt		25.	d.

10. BE LET on Interest, a large Sum of Money,any Person giving such Security as will be fatisfactory the Lender may have from & 500 to f. 1500 and upwards: ed for G. W. D and Company, leaving the Letter with

1s. rid. | Oak ditto

4s. 7d. | Bohea Tea

545.

Bees Wat

Nut Wood

ew-England ditto

scovado Sugar

ote refin'd ditto

15. 6d. | Chocol. per doz. L. 1 os. od.

15. 74.

325. od.

105. od

LL Persons who have any Demands on the Estate of the late Col. Dongan, of Statenand, deceafed, are defired to apply to James Duane, and if who are indebted to the faid Estate, (except on the for-Vendue Account) are defired to pay the fame to the faid une, or they will be fued without further Notice. New-York, 5th October 1 768.

ARRIED by Mistake from on board the Ship Beulah, a middle fiz'd Hair Trunk, mrded and matted, marked S. M, No. 3. Whovar has received the fame, or will give Information ereof to ohn Marston, or the Printer hereof, Mirecaive Five Pounds Reward. The Contents faid Trunk are Linen, wearing apparel, and funby other articles, the property of Col. Staats Morris.

al imported in the Ship Edward, Capt. Miller, and to be fold be feld by

#### ADAM GILCHRIST, Near the Exchange,

QEST fuperfine broad cloths of alleolours; tearlet, buff, white, blue, green, yellow, own, and a variety of mix'd ditto; buff and black faye, ad buff thag for breeches; white, buff and black filk breeches Atterns, and worsted do. with a variety of gold and filver e, filver and gold shoulder knots and apolets, Bath rugs, satings and frizes, with trimmings of all forts as usual, me neat pontipool ware, fuch as candlefticks, bread bafets, tea waiters, fnuff and tobacco boxes, counter pools, and bottle stands, &c. &c.

44 47

FOR BRISTOL, The Ship GRACE, William Chambers, Commander; H As exceeding good Accommodations for Paffengers, and will fail the laft of this Month : For Freight or Paffage agree with Greg, Cunningham, and Co. cophylact Bache, or faid Commander. N. B. Said Bache, is for Sale, a large Affortment of Goods fuitable for the ration; also old Madeira Wine Taunton Ale, Gloucester

JOHN RAPALJE.

TEN DOLLARS Reward,

hitele, Pipes, Earthen-Ware, Raifins, Currants, &c. &c.

TOLEN out of the Pasture of John Rapalie, DEfq; at Brooklyn Ferry, on Sunday Night the of September laft, a grey Horfe, about 141 lands high, 14 Years old, paces and trots, was hod all round: has a Scar on his Breaft, and two Marks on his Thighs, occasioned by the galling of the Breech Collar; Lop-ear'd, and thin thoulder'd. hoever takes up the faid Horfe, fo that the Owner hay get him again, shall receive the above Reward, ad all reasonable Charges, paid by

The ANATOMIST, No. IV.

AM again obliged to folicit the reader's indulgence in behalf of my friend Horatio, who having, it feems found leifure to collect additional remarks, with regard to the early attacks upon the church in New-England, is defirous of having them inferted, before I begin with those which have been made upon her at New York: -- And as these remarks tend to shew that the opposition to the church was not by starts and turns; or in consequence of any unkind or severe treatment which its antagonists might have received, but, for a long feries of years, carried on without remission, and without provocation, I willingly comply with the gentleman's request.

To the ANATOMIST. " I have spread out my hands unto a people, which fay, stand by thyself come not near to me, for I am holier than thou; thefe are a smoke in my Ifa. lxv.-2, 5. noje.

THERE are no people upon earth who decry felf-righteoufness so much as presbyterians and independents; and yet, if we may judge from their outward deportment and conduct, they think there are none righteous and holy but themselves. -Of the like stamp with these were the Pharisees of old, which the Evangelist tells us, " trusted in themselves that they were righteous, and despised others." .- But, notwithflanding all the pretences that men can make to superior fanctity, when we behold them come forth with scripture in their mouths, and enmity in their hearts ;-infringing the civil and religious rights of their fellow-Chriftians-hanging, banishing, and basely traducing fuch as they suspect might thwart their darling schemes for exclusive territory and dominion, we may conclude, without a breach of charity, that fuch men are not "holier than" those, whom they defire to "fland by" themselves, and to " come not near to" them .- The church of England hath constantly been, and still is, the principal object of the jealousy and opposition of presby terians and independents. - This is the church which gives the greatest check to their political defigns; and this, therefore, is the church whose foundations they have been so long struggling to raze and demolish :- And that there may never be a time when these attempts shall be given up, they take care to transmit their enmity to the church from generation to generation .- They are taught from their cradles to think ill of her, and to look upon her principles and doctrines as " an abomination unto the Lord;" and these opinions are confirmed by their teachers, who conftantly cry out, " down with her, down with her, even to the ground."-So that the furious zeal, and uneharitable spirit, which we find diffused thro' a confiderable part of their laity, are, in a great meafure, to be charged upon those who have undertaken to be their instructors .- The chief part of their prejudices against the church they derive from the fermons they hear in their meeting-houses .- There they are taught to pray (not as our bleffed Lord taught his disciples + but) for the downfall of popery and prelacy in one breath-There they are taught to make no diffinction between the church of England, and the church of Rome-To call the

habits of the clergy, rags of the whore of Babylon. I -Our prayers and liturgy, the Romish breviary and mass-book-Our worship and ceremonies, superstition, carnal ordinances, and idolatry-And our bishops and clergy, bastardly governors of the church; priests of the devil; petty antichrists; Belzebubs of Canterbury; scarlet whores; Caiaphas's; cozening knaves; liars; drunkards; hogs; wolves; dogs; bloody murderers of fouls; robbers of Christ's church, &c. &c. §

Hence it comes to pais, that a true-blue prefbyterian " will no more enter a church, than he would the house of Rimmon-To hear the service of the church, would be to hear mass-And if you enquire of him what exceptions he has to the book of common prayer, he will, with closed eyes, and uplifted hands, thank the Lord he never faw it-If any of his friends are to be buried in a church yard, he will scarce stay to see them committed to the ground, so much is he frighted at the funeral service.—As for the fign of the crofs, he will scamper away from it as fast as the Roman catholics fancy evil spirits

and hobgoblins do." And to such ridiculous heights has their zeal carried them in this last mentioned affair, that history informs us of one Roger Williams, pastor of a meeting at Salem, in New England, who among the many wild and extravagant notions into which he had led his followers, brought them to conceive fo ill of the fign of the crofs, that, " in the height of their zeal they cut the cross out of the king's standard, declaring it to be an idol .- The people thereupon became divided in their opinions, whether it was lawful to have the cross in their colours or not. -Several furious books were wrote and published on each fide of the question; and most of their militia refused to march with the colours, fo long as the cross remained in them, lest they should be thought to do honour to an idol; while others were for following the colours with the crofs in them, lest their deserting them should be interpreted a casting off their allegiance to the crown of England: -But at length the magistrates and officers compromifed the matter in the following manner;they ordered that all castles and ships should have the same colours as formerly, but that the cross

regiments of militia. \*\* When we read of the Egyptians worshiping monkies, cats, crocodiles, garlick, and onions; -of the people of Madagascar being at everlasting strife with fuch of their countrymen as will not pay adoration to an elephant's tooth, which, they fay, fell down from heaven ; - of the Turks and Perlians, who charge each other with fin and herefy, on account of their different head-dreffes, the former wearing white turbans, and the latter red bonnets, does not our aftonishment abate, when we look around us, and find among ourselves a people who would willingly be distinguished by the name of fensible men, reformed Christians, and enlightened protestants, whose religious opinions lead them into fuch ridiculous extravagancies, as those mentioned above; and excite them to quarrel with, and charge their neighbours with herefies and errors, for things as harmless and indifferent in themselves as a white turban, or a red bonnet?-

might be omitted in the colours belonging to the

Such absurd opinions, and so base a treatment of

\* Luke xviii .- 6. † Tho' the directory, Westminster confession and carechifms, recommend the Lord's prayer " to be used in the prayers of the church"-And likewife recommend that "one chapter of each Testament be read at every meeting;"and that the Apofile's creed be used publickly ;-yet all those duties are generally omitted, left the people should observe the least conformity between the church of England, of which they had heard so much ill, and the Kirk, of which they had heard to much good .--

‡ It ought to be observed, that this reproachful name has been chiefly laid afide fince gowns and caffocks have crept into preflyterian pulpits-For now there is fearce a firipling that has been emancipated from college, and received "the hands of the presbytery," who does not strut and flaunt about in those once anti-Christian and popish habiliments.—

Sic tempora mutantur, et nos mutamur in illis!— § See Martin Marprelat.-Udal's Dialog.-Admonit. to Parl.—Sion's Plea :- Bancroft's Dangerous Pofitions, &c. See London Cafes, Fol.-

\*\* See the State of New-England, in Modern Hift. Vol. .

them f. 1000, and inventor or them to be it of the

(The Remainder in out men.)

On Saturday arrived the Ship Hope, Capt. Benjamin Davies, from London; he left the Downs, Angust 26th, (in Company with Captains Falconer, Spirks and Ordis, for Philadelphia, and 20 Sail of Transports for Cork, to take in the Troops destin'd for Boston) he got clear of the Land in 2 Days, and on the sirst Sept. Lon. 15, spoke a Brig, Capt. Tonne, 25 Days from Philadelphia, bound to Bilbon, on the 13th, Lon. 33, with the Ship Alexander, Capt. M' Intosh, seven Weeks from Jamaica, bound to London.—The following Extrasts were taken by Captain Davies, or from the Landon Papers brought by him, viz.

TESTERDAY his Royal Highnels the Duke of Cumberland, fet out for Portsmouth, to embark on board the Venus, on his intended Voyage to the Mediterranean.

It is whispered a Ship from France has brought over a present of Plate worth sooo Guineas for a Nobleman no Way remarkable for his Popularity.

It is faid the Inhabitants of New-York have begun a Subscription for raising a Regiment of Previncials, for the better Security of that Colony.

August 8. A Loan of One Million of Guilders, is negotiating at Amsterdam, for the Use of the Corsicans. Seventy-sive Thousand Pounds Sterl. were this Week remitted to Italy by an eminent Banker in Town, for the Use of General Paoli, for whom also three stout Ships Privateers in the late War, each pierced to mount 20 Carriage Guns, were a few Days ago bought at Bristol, also 100 Pieces of Cannon.

We are told many of the principal Inhabitants of Bolton are removing with their Families and Effects to the other Colonies.

We are told a Request has been made that two Regiments of Irish Brigades may be immediately raised for the Service of Portugal.

A Gentleman from France reports, that the Suppression of Nunneries throughout the Kingdom, is now under Consideration.

Yesterday died Mrs. Whitesield, Wife of the Rev.

Mr. George Whitefield.

Angust 10. The Hon. and Right Revd. Dr.

Frederick Cornwallis, Bishop of Litchfield and Coventry, and Dean of St. Paul's, it is said will be promoted to the Archiepiscopal See of Canterbury.

It removed that in Consequence of some spirited.

It rumoured that in Consequence of some spirited Representations, several Transports are getting ready at Toulon to bring back the French Troops from Corsica.

We are advised from Sallee, that they are in Fear of a Bombardment from the English, to prevent which they had sunk some large Ships at the Entrance of the Harbour.

A Letter of the 19th of May from Senegal advises, that on the 23d of April, St. George's Day, the English had surrounded a principal Town belonging to the Enemy, King of Barrach, wherein most of the principal People were assembled, after a smart but thort Engagement, the Town was burnt to Ashes, many of the Enemy killed and a great Number made Prisoners, among whom was the Queen of Barragh, who had three of her Fingers blown off with a Hand-Granade. The Troops and Prisoners embarked, and returned to Fort James, with little or no Loss to the English.

from Portsmouth for the Mediterranean. A Number of Half Pay Officers are going into the Naval Service of Portugal.

On the 10th, The King of Denmark landed at Dover, and on the 12th arrived in perfect Health at the Appartments prepared for him at St. James's. He left the King's Coaches which had been fent to Dover, and travelled in hired Post Chaises, his Retinue consisted of 4 Chaises and 4, and 15 Servants on Horseback. His Majesty is of a middling Stature, fair Complection, flaxen Hair, agiline Nose, Eyes remarkably sparkling, and a fine open Countenance. He is not 20 Years of Age till January next: He was dressed in green and Gold.

There were Illuminations, Bonfires, Ringing of Bells and other Demonstrations of Joy on his Arrival. A grand Munting Match is preparing at Windsor-Park, and there is to be a sham Engagement of two Tables at St. Helens off Portsmouth for his Entertainment.

Their Majesties were not at St. James's when the King of Denmark arrived, having set out that

Afternoon for Richmond.

His Danish Majesty after appeared in Public, goes every Day in State from his Appartments, to Dine with the Nobility at their Houses. Has been to most of the Places of public Entertainment and Diversion, and proposes taking the Tour of England, he has received sundry Addresses since his Arrival, particularly from the Danish Congregation in London, which he graciously received, gave them f. 1000, and intends to build an Hospital for

them, or any other of his Subjects residing here. He keeps a Table himself consisting of three Courses of 15 Dishes each. It is said his Expenses while in England, will amount to f. soos per Day.

long he would hold out, should the French assist the Gencese against Corsica, replied, Till Death,—for Life is not worth traping, unless we can preserve too our Liberty.

Dublin, August 6. The 64th Regiment of Foot, Col. Pomeroy, and the 56th Col. Mackay's, are immediately to embark for North-America, to relieve the 9th, General Whitmore's, and the 34th Lord Frederick Cavendish's.

It is faid a Treaty of Commerce with Corfice is on the Carpet, and that an English Factory is soon to be established on that Island.

August 15. They write from Genoa, that a Corsican Corsair had seized an English Ship, as having a Cargo belonging to Genoa. The English Consul immediately sent to Paoli, requiring that the Ship and Cargo should be released.

This Day Lord Botetourt is to fet out for his

Letters from Paris mention, that Count de Marbeuf, having marched his Troops in Corfica, beyond the Limits prescribed by a former Treaty, was attacked and repulsed by General Paoli.

August 17. It is rumoured that the Military Establishments, all thro' North-America, are to be considerably augmented.

August 16. A Board of Trade was held at the Plantation Office, White-Hall, when sundry Petitions from North-America, and the West-Indies, were laid before the Commissioners, by the Colony Agents. Orders are sent to the Governors to be particularly careful, that no Stores be clandestinely sent to any of the French Islands.

A Letter from Wessel, informs, that the King of Prussia reviewed the Troops in Garrison there, confitting of 4000 effective Men, the 16th ult. he was so well pleased with their Alertness, that he gave 300 Crowns to each Regiment; They had fired four times in a minute and the King faid in an Extafy, that he believed his Soldiers could fire 5 times in a minute, could his Officers give the word with the same expedition. This Letter concludes thus : " A Complaint being made to the King, that great Disturbances had been made, at almost every Allembly at Cleves and Wellel, owing to a Dispute between the Ladies of the Chancellor of Cleves and the President of the Chamber of Finances, about the Rank or Pass, his Majesty was befought to decide that Point, which would for the future be a Law. Our great King wisely ordered, that the greatest Fool should always have the Rank or Pass of the other, from which Determination we wait an Iffue.

JOURNAL of Transactions in BOSTON, SEPTEMBER 28, 1768.

A DVICE received that the Men of War and Transports from Halifax, with about 900 Troops, collected from several Parts of America, were safe arrived at Nantasket Harbour, having very narrowly escaped Shipwreck on the Back of Cape Cod, which Disaster would have left the extensive Sea Coast of North America, almost bare of Ships of War, and Troops, but in no worse State than are the Inland Fortresses and Settlements, from whence the Garrisons had been before withdrawn.

—Time must account for such extraordinary Steps in our Ministry.

Sept. 29. The Fleet was brought to Anchor near Castle William, that Evening there was throwing of Sky Rockets, and those passing in Boats obferved great Rejoicings, and that the Yankey Doodle Song was the Capital Piece in their Band of Music. -This Day his Majesty's Council received a Billet from Governor Bernard, requiring their Attendance at Castle William, and informing them that the Officers of his Majesty's Fleet and Army, would be present,-they attended accordingly, and notwithstanding all Intimidations, adhered strictly to their Votes, published in the last Papers; The Governor's Arts were ineffectual to induce them to give the least Countenance to any Troops being brought into Boston, as the Barracks at Castle William were fufficient to receive the whole of them arrived from Halifax.—The Treatment they received from his Excellency, during their Tarry at the Castle, was very uncourtly, and even rude.

Sept. 30. Early this Morning a Number of Boats were observed round the Town, making Soundings, &c.—At 3 o'Clock in the Asternoon, the Launceston of 40 Guns, the Mermaid of 38, Glasgow 20, the Beaver 14, Senegal 14, Bonetta 10, several armed Schooners, which together with the Romney of 62 Guns, and the other Ships of War before in the Harbour, all commanded by Capt. Smith, came

up to Town, bringing with them, the 14th Res ment, Col. Dalrymple, and 29th Regiment, Co Carr; none having been difembarked at Caftle Iffan -So that we now behold Bolton furrounded at Time of profound Peace, with about 14 Ships, War, with Springs on their Cables, and their Broa Sides to the Town !- If the People of Englan could but look into the Town to fee the utino good Order and observance of the Laws, and the this mighty Armament has no other Rebellion, fubdue than what existed in the Brain or Letter the inveterate G-r B-d and the detelle Comm-f-rs of the Board of C-s. Who Advantages the Court of Verfailles may take ofth present Policy of the British Ministry, can be bette determined hereafter.

October 1. This Morning Rumours that Repre fentations had gone from hence to General Gage; N-York, from our good Friend, &c. that we ar in a State of Rebellion; an Express its said has a rived in consequence, with Advice that more Troop may be expected from N-York .- Sheriff Greenie and his Deputy preffing Carts, &c. for the Ufe the Troops, this and other Motions indicate the they meditate a Landing this Day, to Encamp; the Common, in hopes of intimidating the Magis trates to find them Quarters, which they canno force until the Barracks are filled, without flying in the Face of a plain Act of Parliament. At abou I o'Clock, all the Troops landed under Cover o the Cannon of the Ships of War, and marcheding the Common, with Mulkets charged, Bayonets fixed Colours flying, Drum's beating and Fifes, &c. play ing, making with the Train of Artillery upward of 700 Men .- In the Afternoon it is faid an Office from the Col. went to the Manufactory House, will an Order from the Governor, and requested Mr Brown and the other Occupiers to remove within two Hours, that the Troops might take Poffession instead of a Compliance the Doors were barr'd and bolted against them .- This Evening the Selectmen were required by the Colonel to Quarter the two Regiments in this Town, which they absolutely refused, as his Majesty's Council had done before knowing that whoever should conduct in violation of an Act of Parliament must be answerable for the Consequences,-The Colonel, as it is faid, waving a Demand for Quartering, earnestly intreated that out of Compassion to the Troops; one Regiment d which were without their Camp Equipage, the would allow Fanueil-Hall, and Chambers, that, and the following Night, as a Shelter from the Westher. The next Day being the Sabbath, on which all Confusion should be avoided,—at 9 o'Clock this Night they were permitted to enter faid Hall, in which were a large Number of Stands of the Towns Arms: Thus the Humanity of the City Magistrales permitted them a temporary Shelter, which no Menances could have procured.

Oct. 2. Being Lord's Day, the Town quiet no Disorders having risen on any Side,—this Evening, by Order of Governor Bernard, the Secretary of the Province opened the Town House, and even the Representatives Chamber for the Reception of the

The above Journal you are defired to publish for the general Satisfaction, it being strictly Fact.

HALIFAX, (Nova-Scotia) August 18.

Friday last the Brigantine Hero, Jeremiah Pate, Master, bound from New-York to Newfoundland, with Stores and Provisions, having sprung a Leak at Sea, put in here in great Distress, and has been obliged to unload the greatest Part of her Cargo, which, after resitting, she will take in again, and proceed immediately on her Voyage.

This Day being the Commencement of the Hon. Board of Customs, the same was kept as a Holiday by the Officers of this Port.

We hear there are above 200 Families in this Town that have agreed not to use any more TEA. We also hear the Inhabitants of Charlestown have unanimously agreed to the same.

onober 6. We hear His Majesty's Council have advised His Excellency the Governor to authorize and appoint one or more Person or Persons to surnish and supply the Officers and Soldiers put and placed in the Barracks, with Fire, Candles, &c. as particularly mentioned in the A& of Parliament.

We hear that Joseph Goldthwait, jun. Esq. is appointed Commissary for the Purpose above-mentioned.

This Morning fell down and came to Anchor of

Magdalene armed Schooner failed also for Hallfan.
The Lydia, Capt. Scott, fails this Day for London: We hear that Captain Allen, of the Gaspet armed Schooner, goes Passenger in the Lydia, with

PHILADELPHI enters from Fort Pitt, o

etters from Fort Pitt. That on the 17th, Enfigns ! gring fome words, a challen withstanding the endeavours cers, they could not be prevent faction, which they did the were fo eager that but 200 yar nals, they exchanged piftols and the party fent to bring them in that but one piftol was fired, tho at the other, and enfign Trafe the right breaft, of which wour in great milery; Mr. Hamilt occasion, is beyond expression."

NEW-YORK, The General Affembly of t need here on the 27th Day of med upon Bufinefs, pursuant to

Sept. 3, 1768

The 29th ult. at 40 Minus
in the Morning, we had here
Shock of an Earthquake;—it
Day is annually held as a Fast in
the great Storms that happened
1722: It was very awful, and manuelook with Astonishment.

fent to the Members for that P

Arrived last Tuesday Night, cent, Captain Darrel, in 52 Da and the Sloop Richmond, Ca 24 Days from Coracoa.

the Brig York, John Walker, C Lat of 33, 20, spoke the Ship W M'Coslin, Commander, from L to South-Carolina, all well. The same Day His Exceller Col. Robinson, Col. Maitland,

feveral other Military Gentler bord a Vessel bound to Rhode-I to Boston. Capt. Hunter, from Glasgow spoke with the Brig Two Brothe

spoke with the Brig Two Brothe from Amboy for Dublin.—In Passengers, the Hon. Capt. Lev Regiment of Foot, and his Lito Quebec.

On Thursday the 29th of Sen

mittee of Convention at Boston,

embled from 96 Towns in the P met at Fanuel-Hall, broke up, the Business on which they wer fasthe Governor had called and unlawful Affembly) they thought of their Constituents and them! the common News Papers,—to t in our last, -only in a stronger I all Pretentions to legislative A tion to his Majesty's Governmen blished, or any illegal Designs declare that they confider then private fellow-Subjects, affembled at the Request of the Inhabitant to each other their loyal and d and their Defire that no irregul taken; but that all constitution Methods thould be closely attend dress of Grievances, which, by p Measures, they hope at last to ob merate their Grievances, and the co Measures they have pursued, lan titions have not been fuffered t Ear; complain that if the late Ac ac. are continued, they have o of free Subjects, and cannot be any Property at all—that their A lefty and the English Constitution tary Force altogether needless to Authority of Government, which ral Stations, are firmly resolved t the Civil Power, suppression of R and prefervation of the Peace. Readiness to hazard their Lives Defence of his Majesty's Sovereign in all Parts of his Dominions, perpetual Union and Harmony wi and conclude with an Expression Influence and Direction of the fur Evened [This is an imperfect Parts of the Publication, to wh

They had Advice the 18th of A that the Harriot Packet was arrived that the Harriot Packet was arrived that the Harriot Pieces lest out this Week, will be de ARRIVALS at PHILAI The Ship Easter, Adams; Br

de; and Dolphin, Stevenson; fro

, cun be bette

urs that Repre eneral Gage a c. that we ar its faid has ar at more Troop heriff Greenles for the Use o s indicate tha to Encamp in ting the Magis h they canno without flying ent. At abou inder Cover o d marched inu Bayonets fixed Fifes, &c. play tillery upward faid an Office ry House, with requested Mr remove within ake Possession: ere barr'd and the Selectmen narter the two absolutely redone before

o'Clock this faid Hall, in of the Towns ty Magistrates which no Meown quiet no this Evening,
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Anchor off
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ay for Lonthe Gaspee
Lydia, with

sipatches from the Commander of the Troops

t theft Store dear Councie Market -- h PHILADELPHIA. October 6. Letters from Fort Pitt, of the 25th uit. fay, That on the 17th, Enfigns Hamilton and Trafey having fome words, a challenge enflied, and notwithstanding the endeayours of their brother offin ers, they could not be prevented taking their fauis faction, which they did the next morning; they were fo eager that but zoo yards beyond the centisals, they exchanged piftols and fired fo quick, that he party feat to bring them in prifoners, believed hat but one pistol was fired, tho, it appears each shot the other, and enfign Trafey received a ball in he right breaft, of which wound he died the 24th great mifery; Mr. Hamilton's diffress on this scalion, is beyond exprellion."

The General Assembly of this Province, are to neet here on the 27th Day of this Month, to promed upon Business, pursuant to the Circular Letters at to the Members for that Purpose.

Estral of a Letter from Kinston in Jamaica, dated

Sept. 3, 1768.

"The 29th ult. at 40 Minutes after 9 o'Clock, in the Morning, we had here a very confiderable shock of an Earthquake; it is remarkable, that pay is annually held as a Fast in Commemoration of the great Storms that happened on it, in 1712 and 1722: It was very awful, and made Numbers besides me look with Astonishment.

Arrived last Tuesday Night, the Snow St. Vinent, Captain Darrel, in 52 Days from Honduras, and the Sloop Richmond, Captain Creighton, in 21 Days from Coracoa.

Yesterday arrived from New-Orleans in 22 Days, the Brig York, John Walker, Commander, in the Lat of 33, 20, spoke the Ship Woolworth, Captain M'Cossin, Commander, from Londonderry, bound to South-Carolina, all well.

The same Day His Excellency General Gage, Col. Robinson, Col. Maitland, Major Small, and several other Military Gentlemen, embarked on bord a Vessel bound to Rhode-Island, in their Way to Boston.

Capt. Hunter, from Glasgow; the 20th of Sept. spoke with the Brig Two Brothers, Capt. Duncan, from Amboy for Dublin.—In Capt. Hunter came Passengers, the Hon. Capt. Lewis Duff, of the 8th Regiment of Foot, and his Lady, on their Way to Quebec.

On Thursday the 29th of September, the Comnittee of Convention at Boston, chosen by, and assmbled from 96 Towns in the Province, and lately net at Fanuel-Hall, broke up, having first finished the Business on which they were assembled, which athe Governor had called and treated them as an unlawful Affembly) they thought fit, in Justification their Constituents and themselves, to publish in the common News Papers,—to the same Purpose as our last,-only in a stronger Manner disclaiming all Pretentions to legislative Authority, Disaffection to his Majesty's Government as by Law established, or any illegal Designs whatsoever. They declare that they confider themselves as so many private fellow-Subjects, affembled from divers Towns withe Request of the Inhabitants-to make known each other their loyal and dutiful Dispositions, and their Defire that no irregular Step should be uken; but that all constitutional and prudential Methods should be closely attended to, for the Reres of Grievances, which, by persevering in those Measures, they hope at last to obtain. They enumerate their Grievances, and the constitutional dutiful Measures they have pursued, lament that their Petions have not been suffered to reach the Royal ear; complain that if the late Acts imposing Taxes, c. are continued, they have only the Name left of free Subjects, and cannot be conceived to have my Property at all—that their Affection to his Mathy and the English Constitution, renders a Miliby Force altogether needless to support the legal authority of Government, which they in their feveal Stations, are firmly refolved to support in aid of the Civil Power, suppression of Riots and Tumults, and preservation of the Peace. They declare their headiness to hazard their Lives and Fortunes in Defence of his Majesty's Sovereignty and just Rights, all Parts of his Dominions, and their Defire of erpetual Union and Harmony with Great-Britain; and conclude with an Expression of Reliance on the influence and Direction of the supreme Ruler of all events [This is an imperfect Sketch of fome arts of the Publication, to which we have not doom to do Justice.]

They had Advice the 18th of August at London, that the Harriot Packet was arrived.

[Dr Pieces left out this Week, will be duly noticed.]

The Ship Easter, Adams; Brigs, Reeves, Nut-

Minerva, Araot, from Rotterdam, with 300 Palatines. Ship Elizabeth and Mary, Sparks, from London. Ship Molly, Allifon, and Brig Venus, Davies, from Cork. Brig George. Gribble, from Jamaica; and Brig Jenny, from Cape-Breton.—Capt. Sparks, left the Downs the 16th of August with four Transports for Portsmouth, said to take in Troops for America, and fail in Company with the Rippon Man of War, which brings over the Governor of Virginia.

Hope, Davis, from London. Jenny, Hunter, Greenoch. Hibernia, Henry, St. Ubes. Sally, Jauncey Jamaica. Tobago, Scott, Grenades. York, Walker; and Africa, Randall, jun. New Orleans. Philip, Richardson; and Nancy, Waddell, New Castle. Two Sisters, Bedlow, St. Crois. William and Elizabeth, Anderson, Martinico. Richmond, Newton, Coracoa. Sally, Alberson, Philadelphia. Little Betsy, Newton, New Providence. Bowler, Joad; Sally, Parsons; and Ann, Johnson, Virginia. William, Calvell, Tortola. St. Vincents, Darrell, St. Vincents.

Outwards. Joice and Rachel, Duncomb. for Rhode-Island. Rachel, Seymour St. Thomas. Phenix, Seymour, Antigua. Bowler, Joad. Virginia. Sally, Alberson. Philadelphia. Cleared.—Dutches of Gordon, Winn; & Britannia, Munds. to London. Pompey, Smith, Hull. Two Brothers, Tolmie, Caeliz. Dorothy. Johnson; and Sally, Pell, St. Croix. Fame, Leaycraft, Madeira. Friendship, Thew, Grenades. Sally, Hunt. South-Carolina. Tristram, Green; and Defiance, Davis, North-Carolina. Lady Moore, Burgin; and Sally and Polly, Freehody, Rhode-Island Charming Polly, Anderson, and St. John, Stewart; St. Christophers. Sea Flower, Frisby, St. Augustine. Hope, Alberson, Philadelphia.

### Peter T. Curtenius,

At the Sign of the Golden Anvil, opposite the Oswego Market, has just opened a fresh Assortment of the following Goods, imported by him in the last Vessels from Europe, which he will fell wholesale and retale, on the most reasonable Terms, for ready Cash, or Produce, viz.

BROAD and narrow cloths of various colours and prices, shalloons, durants, tammies, and callimancoes, buckram, buttons, sewing silk, twist and mohair: coating and Bath beaver, broad and narrow naps, kersics, pennistons and half thicks, long ells, green and spotted rugs, striped and rose blankets, shannels; red and flowered serges, red and blue dussels, plain and spotted swanskin, checkquer'd do. for horse cloths; hair cloths for entries or brewers; worsted stockings, broad and narrow checks, Irish linens, German and Irish dowlas, brown and white sheeting, oznaburgs, clouting diaper, callicoes, cambricks and lawns, ribbons. Persians, pelongs and tassay; silk and cotton romalls, bandanoes, black Barcelona handkerchiefs, Scotch and printed linen do. camblets, stuss, black bombazine and everlasting, &c. &c. &c.

Anvils, vises, beck irons, hammers, sledges, files and rasps; blistered, German and fig. 3 steel, sheet iron, double and single tin, long and short handle frying pans; best gun barrels and locks, neat fowling pieces, with blued barrels and water pan locks; best double gilt pinckbeck buckles, common yellow ditto, brass and steel do. mill and cross cut saws, hand, pannel, tenon, sash, dovetail and compass do. carpenters planes, broad axes, adaes and chizzels, squares, rules, hammers, augers and gimblets, brass kettles; nails by the cask, from 4d to 24d besides many other articles in the ironmongery way, too tedious to enumerate.

Best bohea tea, muscovado sugar, genuine Haerlem oil, and Neurenburg salve, Dutch solio and quarto bibles, testaments, psalm and other Dutch books as usual.

The following goods, made at the New-York Air Furnaee, viz.—Pots, kettles, pie pans and baking ovens, chimney backs, elegant grates or Bath stoves for burning coal, square stoves for work shops; perpetual ovens, boiling plates, pot ash kettles; cart, waggon, and chair boxes, hammers and anvils for making bar iron, which have been found upon proof to be superior to the English hammers, half hundred and smaller weights, &c. &c.

A Likely healthy Negro Girl, about 14 Years of Age, who can do most Kinds of House Work:

Inquire of the Printer.

45 48

Where As the hon, David Jones, Etq; second justice of the supreme court of judicature for the province of New-York, has appointed us the subscribers hereof, trustees for and in behalf of all the creditors of Peter Losee, of Hempstead in Queen's-county, an absconding debtor: Public notice is hereby given, to all persons indebted to said Peter Losee, also to all persons that have any effects in their hands, belonging to said Peter Losee, to pay all such sum or sums of money; also to deliver all such effects as he, she or they shall have in their hands, power or custody, unto us the said subscribers, on Tuesday the 1sth day of November next ensuing the date hereof, at the house of Benjamin Townsend, in Jericho, where attendance will be given for the purposes abovesaid, by

WILLIAMS SEAMAN, BENJAMIN TOWNSEND, WILLIAM KIRBE.

New-Jersey
Monmouth-county,
Oct. 3, 1768.

DURSUANT to an order of the hon.
Monmouth-county,
Oct. 3, 1768.

John Anderson, and John Taylor,
of common pleas of the province of New-Jersey: Notice is
hereby given to the respective creditors of Obadiah Worthley; an insolvent debtor in the gaol of said county; that they
be and appear on Monday the 14th day of November next,
at the Court-house in the said county, at Freehold, at twelve
o'clock of the same day, to shew cause, (if any they have)
why the estate of the said debtor, should not be assigned for
the benefit of his creditors, and his person discharged, agreeable to a late act of the legislature of the said province, for
the relief of insolvent debtors.

# Jult imported from Hall, Beltol and London, and lett by ABRAHAM DURYEE,

Dive, white, green, seasier and cloth coloured cloths; yard wide and sorrest cloths, ditto Bath rugs, seasiet do. blue, green, seasiet and cloth colour superfine naps; yard wide do red and blue coatings, red and blue dussels, bearskin, pennisson and half think, blue and brown Devonshire kersey; German serge, drugget, serge denim, camblets, silk camblets; do. Wilton, strip d blankets, to and g-4 swanskin blankets, g-8, and g-4 common rose blankets; ditto g, 8, and g-4 green rugs; 8-4 spotted do. supersine black and light colour hair plush; black russel and striped callimaneoe, bombazine, black and blue everlasting, green, yellow, blue, scarlet and white slannel; brown, blue, yellow and white serge; slower'd do. strip'd slannel do. rattings, shalloons, durants; sewing silk, and silk and hair twist, buttons, cotton and linen check, dowlas, yard wide linen, oansburgs, croacs; selt and castor hats, best velvet corks, hed tick, 6 and g-4 bed bunts, and 6 by 4, 7 by 5, 8 by 6, 9 by 7, 10 by 8, 11 by 9, 12 by 10, 13 by 12, and 14 by 12 crown glas; white lead ground in oil, in powder, and in lump; ditto, Spanish brown ground in oil, in power, do best sprush yellow, ground in oil and in powder; zed lead, vermillion, Prussian blue, umber, litharge, white vitriol, powder blue, painting brushes, linseed oil.—Also has to fell,

Choice old Madeira wine, Teneriff, Lisbon, Malega and sweet wine, ditto old brandy, Jamaica spirits and West-India rum, ditto, muscovado and loaf sugar, bohea tea, chocolate, &c. &c.

Doctor Uriah Rogers, junr.
Of Norwalk, in Connecticut,

DEGS leave to acquaint the public, That he has again opened his noted hospital for innoculation, situate on the borders of said Norwalk, within the jurisdiction of the province of New-York, in a most wholesome agreeable air, by all skilful physicians allowed to be vastly preferable to the stagnated air of a thick inhabited town, or city, especially for country people; being furnished with good accommodations, where the said doctor is now carrying on innoculation as usual, and will continue the same until the sirst of May next. That he gives constant attendance himself, provides all necessaries, and carries the patient completely thro' the operation, at the trissing expence of sour pounds lawful money; and has practised this branch of business for these several years, with as good, if not better success than any other physician upon the whole continent, having never yet had the missortune to lose a single patient.

TOBESOLD,

Likely Negro Wench of about 28
Years of Age, fit for House-Work:
Inquire of the Printer hereof. 45 48

To be fold the noted plantation known by the name of Chesequakes, lying in the south ward of Perth-Amboy, in the province of East New-Jersey:

the broance of Fr

fronting the bay which is between the fouth-fide of Staten-island and Sandy-hook, and joins the creek of Chefequakes, on the north-fide thereof convenient to landings: On the premises, is falt meadow sufficient to mow a large quantity of salt hay, and the land as

good as any in that neighbourhood; a large quantity of timber thereon. It may conveniently be divided into three or four farms, with a sufficient quantity of salt meadow to each; there is on it two convenient dwelling houses! The whole well watered and timbered, convenient for oystering, sishing, and sowling as any along that coast. It will be sold the whole or in part; a good title will be given by the subferiber, where further intelligence may be had.

To be fold at public Vendue, on Saturday the 5th of November



A Farm of land lying on Cow-Neck, on Long-Island, lately the property of John Vanderbelt, deceased, the said farm contains about 160 acres, whereof about 50 or 60 acres is very good wood land, and near about 15 acres thereof is extraordina-

ry good, and what is generally called Indian land; there is on faid farm, a good convenient large house, a barn, and a good bearing orchard; it lies conveniently and pleasantly situated, at the foot of a beach, that extends near a-cross Hempsted barbour; on which beach may be yearly collected, a great number of loads of sea-weed, very good for manure. The vendue to be held on the premises, and to begin about 22 o'clock on the said day, by the subscribers, executors of said John Vanderbelt.

JOHN VANDERBELT, GARRET VANDERBELT, PETRUS ORDERDONCK, HEND. ONDERDONCK.

DURSUANT to an order of the honourable Daniel Horsmanders and William Smith, Esqrs. two of the justices of the supreme court of the province of New-York; upon the petition of Jacob Dykeman, jun. of Kingsbridge, an insolvent debtor, and several of his creditors: Notice is bereby given by the petitioners, to all the creditors of the said Jacob Dykeman, jun. to shew cause, (if any they have) on the 20th day of Ollober instant, at ten of the clock in the forendom of the same day, at the house of the said Daniel Horsmanden, Esq. situate in Smith-Steet, in the sity of New-York; why an assument of the estate of the said Jacob Dykeman, jun. should not be made to John Naugle and Andrew M'Gowen, pursuant to the prayer of the said petition; and the said Jacob Dykeman, jun. be thereupon discharged, agreeable to the directions of the several asts of the legislature of this colony in such cases, made and provided. Dated the 12th day of Ollober, in the year of one Lord 20th.

#### POETS CORNER.

WAN, TSoincrease with RICHES.

A LL bounteous Heav'n! Caffalio cries, With bended Knees, and litted Ryes, When hall I have the Power to blefs, And raise up Merit in Dittrets?

How do our Hearts deceive us here! -He gets Ten Thousand Pounds a Year ? With this, the pious Youth is able, To build and plant, and keep a Table. But then-The Poor he must not treat, Who alks the Wretch that wants to eat? Alas! to ease their Woes he wishes, -But cannot live without ten Difhes : Tho fix would ferve as well, 'tis true, But one must live as others do

He now feels Wants unknown before, Wants Rill increasing with his Store. The good Gastalio must provide Brocade and Jewels for his Bride. Her Toilet fines with Plate embofs'd, What Sums her Lace and Linen coft! The Clothes that must his Person grace, Shine with Embroidery and Lace. The coftly Pride of Perfian Looms And Guid's Paintings grace his Rooms. His Wealth Cuftalio will not walte, But must have ev'ry Thing in Taste. He's an Occonomist confes'd, But what he buys must be the best : For common Use a Set of Plate; Old China when he dines in State 1. A Coach and Six to take the Air, Befides a Chariot and a Chair. All these important Calls supplied, Calls of Necessity-not Pride, His Income regularly spent, He scarcely saves to pay his Rent; No Man alive would do more Good, Or give more freely-If he cou'd: He grieves when e'er the wretched fue, But what can poor Cajielio do? Would Heav'n but fend ten Thousand more, He'd give-just as he did before. [Corydon's Complaint in our next.]

THE Trustees of the College of New-Jersey, give Notice to the Public, That whereas the Grammar School which ufed to be kept under the Direction of the President, as a Nursery for the College has been discontinued for fome Time, on Account of the long Vacancy of that Office : That she Chair being now filled by the Arrival of the Gentleman last chofen from North-Brigain : The School is to be opened under bis Direction, precisely on the 7th Day of November next, being the Beginning of the Winter Term in the College. The PRESI-DENT, bus already provided a Person to teach it; and has undertaken to the Truflees to lay down a Plan of proceeding to the Teacher, to barre it under bis constant Inspection ; and take Care that it be conducted on the very best Principles - This be bopes so be able to do with the greater Success, for that, being acquainted, before be left Home, that fuch a Thing would be expelled from bim, be took Care to perfett bis Sibeme, by converfing with jome of the most eminent and approved Teachers in Great-Britain. Parents are defired to take Notice that their Children being properly founded in the Languages, is of the utmost Importance to their sub-fequent Studies in College being easy, pleasant, and successful — Several reputable Housholders in Princeton, have engaged to the Truftees, to take Boarders at as cheap a Rite, it is prejumed, as in any Town in this Province, where a public Grammar School is taught: And if the Parents of any of the Children foould incline to have them bourded in the College, the Truftees have confented so their being taken in and supplied as the Scholars are. There is a Terreficial Globe provided for the School, that they may be taught Geography at some Hours of Leisure; they will also have an Hour each Day appropriated to Writing and Arithmetick with-out any additional Expence. which it is of Importance that they learn early. This Notice is given fo long before the Time of opening School, that Parents may have their Children there feafonably; and it is particularly defired that fuch as have Children to begin the Latin, would fend them, if posible, upon the very Day abovementioned; that they may neither suffer any Loss themselves, nor be the Means of retarding others. Princeton, August 25, 1768.

#### HENRY WILMOT,

HAS juft imported in the last Veffels from London, and will fell on the very lowest Terms, at his Store in Hanover-Square; A NEAT offortment of printed callicoes and linen bandkerchiefs, tandem Silefias, dowlas, long lawn. Silefia flowered and piftel lawns, clouting diapers and cambricks; a great variety of the newest fastioned ribbons, gauze bandkerchiefs and aprons, black and white cat guts, peelong fattins, plain and figured modes and farfacts of all colours ; a great variety of blond and thread laces, with many other new fashioned trimmings, fewing filks, Scotch threads of all numbers. Legborn, Dunftable and chip bats ; mens filk, worfted, thread and cotton bofe, worfted and filk breeches patterns; a very large affortment of bead garnet, jet mother of pearl and white wax necklaces and ear rings; the neatest fashioned paste air rings. Shoe and knee buckles, broaches and bracelets, very elegant fet and plain tortoifefbell combs, with a great variety of other jewellery; a large offretment of Turnbridge wares. Dutch and English toys of all forts; very handsome table knives and forks of the newest fastion, bair cluth for stair cases and entries; all forts of prepared bairs, and wig makers trimmings, the best London drawn boot legs and vamps, womens foces and golofboes,with many other articles.

### A STAGE WAGGON.

Between Poulas's Hook Ferry and Hackinfack, will begin on Friday the 14th Instant October, to fet

does, (where the helt Entertainment may be had) and will proceed to Poulas's-Hook, from whence the Waggon will fet out on its Return, at two o'Clock in the Afternoon which Stages will be regularly performed every Monday and Friday, and the best Usage given to Passengers, each paying two Shillings from one Place to the other.

N. B. The Waggon will regularly stop about eight in the Morning and three in the Afternoon, at the Tavern of Mr. William Earl, in Bergen Woods, where any Person coming over Wehawk Ferry, may readily get a Passage to New-York or Hackinfack, in the faid Waggon, kept by JOHN BARDAN.

HAS just imported in the last Vessels from Europe, the following Goods, which he will fell on moderate Terms, for Cash or the usual Credit, viz. CARLET, blue, brown & | 6d. and 8d. black fattin ditto

mix'd colour'd broad-Red, blue, and grey coatings Blue, green and grey frizes Wide green bays Striped blankets German ferges Black, cloth, blue, green,

pink and white tammies Black, cloth, blue, and green

Black, cloth blue, green and pink callimancoes Black and blue lastings Fashionable worsted lute-

ftrings Brocaded and check'd ditto Flowered Mecklenburghs Venetian ground ditto Nonpareil checks, and barley corns

Black and white crape Black hombazeen Black and white catgut White Cypress gauze Plain figur'd and flower'd black ditto Plack filk velvet

Black and cloth colour'd Manchester ditto Black peelongs and fattins Plain black and flowered

Black, crow, cloth. blue and | Bibles fearlet fewing filks foy ribbon

out, at about Seven in the Morning; ROM the House of the Widow Watson, at New-Barba-

#### THOMAS PEARSALL,

Scarlet gimp and cord

Coat, shoe and quality bindings of all colours Best filk and hair, and filk Bafket & death-head buttons Men's worfted hofe and

breeches patterns Women's worked hofe and Light and dark ground purple callicoes Red ground ditto Blue and white, and pencil'd

Dowlawses, double Silefias 7-8. and yd. wd. cambricks and lawns 7-8 and yard wide Irifh li-

Shirt buttons Black, brown and friped Perlians Black taffetics New and lunguee romalls Plain bandanoes

Black cravats

7-8, yd wd. and yd. 3-8 cotton checks Chelloes. 6-4 bed bunts Ruffia and Ravens duck 4. and 4 and a half to. and large packet pins

Felt hats 4d. 6d. and 8d. black padu- A variety of looking-glaffes,

New-jerfey. PURSUANAT to an order of the amouth-County, Phon. Charles Reade, and John Monmouth-County, hon. Charles Reade, and John Sept. 26. 1768. Berrien, efqrs. two of the judges of the supreme court of judicature of the province of New-Jersey: Notice is hereby given to the respective creditors of William Vankirk, and John Vankirk, infolvent debtors in the gaol of the faid county; that they be and appear on Wednesday the ninth day of November next, at the Courthouse in the county of Burlington, at twelve o'clock of the fame day, to thew cause (if any they have) why the estates of the faid debtors, should not be assigned for the benefit of their creditors, and their persons discharged, agreeable to a late act of the legislature of the faid province, for the relief of infolvent debtors.

MAREAS the Rev. John Smith, Minister of the Gofpel in Rye and the White Plains, is post-fed of a Piece of Skill for the belp of distracted Persons, and has been for many Years successful in the Cure of them, but being advanced in Years and very infirm,-has therefore communicated his Still to his Son William Hooker Smith, who hereby informs the Public, that be lives at the White Plains, and is ready to ferve in fuch Cafes, on reasonable Terms; any Perfons whose Friends or Relations may stand in Need of his Relief and Help in fo deplorable a Cafe, either at his own House or elsewhere: And as my Father has relieved a Number of Perfons who have been given up as incurable, who have been under the Direction of the ablest Physicians in New-York and elfewhere, and as this is a peculiar Piece of Skill, befide the common Practice; Shall be obliged to any Person of the Faculty that will recommend. I would further inform the Public, that I can almost infallibly determine the curable Perfons by an Examination of the Age, Inclination, Constitution, Shape and Make of the Head, &c. for Particulars, any Person desirous may inquire of Mr. Isaac Rykeman, in New-York. WILLIAM HOOKER SMITH. White Plains, Sept. 29, 1768.

Imported from Samuel Hake and Company's Manufactories, and now opening by THOMAS BUDD, at the Store (late Mr. Shipboy's) in Smith-Street, near the Fly-Market, a general Affortment of Woollens fuitable for the Seafon, which will be fold on the most reasonable Terms, viz.

THE very best superfine | Coatings Spanish broad cloths, of all colours, fecond and low priced do. Forrest cloths Devonshire kerseys German lerges Hair and worfted fhag plufher

Fine Bath do. Colchester baife Ratteens-Pennystons Frizes-Half thicks Flannells-Rattinetts Shalloons-durants Tammies--Calimancoes, and Red and blue duffels, and | Black lastings, &c.

### ABEEL & BYVANCK

At their Store near Coenties Market,—have just imported the Jamima, Farquahar, from London, and the Prince George, Finglafs, from Briftol,-a large Quantity of len. mongery and Cutlery Ware, &c. which they propose fell ing reasonably, wholesale and retale,—among other An cles are,

No. 1 feel De. blifter'd do. Bell German heart and club

Single and double roll'd fheet

Anvils, horn'd and not horn'd Vises, hand, bench and smiths Sledges and hammers Stone fledges

ONDON T Crowley, The best warranted powder London and Briftol perts forted Frying pans Shot and bar lead Large and finall flates Large and small scale best Trace chain

Drag and hoat do.

Cheap kitchen chimney bid

Trunk, clout, hob, and feupper nails ; tacks of differen fizes, brads do. ferews forted, ferew plates, files and rafe of all fizes; chiffels and gouges of do, augers of do. him of do. brafs knob, rim, and flock locks; cheft and cupbout do. fplinter pad, and bag locks ; fall and till do. belt fin plate mill faws, crofs cut do. feel plate and common has faws; fash, tenon, and compass faws; wood cutters do and adses and drawing knives; carpenters and floe hammen cramping do. compass rules and squares, closing awis and awl hafts, fprigging and pegging awis, thoe tax; a greaty riety of table knives and forks, cutteau and penknives, chil dren's do. fine and common razors, hones and firaps; great variety of the newest fashion stone pinchbeck, Bath metal, and feel shoe and knee buckles; buttons and faut boxes, brafs defk furniture, brafs and iron candlesticks and fnuffers, of the newest patern ; fad and endirons, bellowin iron chaffingdifhes, driping pans, neat brafs and iron hea shovels and tongs; fail glovers and nitting needles; paim; twine, bed cords, fash, fishing and chalk lines; best Kerby. and common fith hooks; house brooms and brushes, cloth weavers, thoe and buckle brushes; theep thears, spades and spade blades, Devonshire, ditching and ballast shovels; 100 den do coffin letters and figures, brafs feales, feale beam, and steelyards; iron and brass wire crucibles and melting pots. large and small brass cocks, temple spectacles, will fteel and other cafes, common do. flints, gun ferews in hammers, fmiths bellows, pipes, coffee mills, large and fmil gridirons, dust pans ; rat and mouse traps, house bells, &c. combs forted, hay hooks and rings, fourf and neat tohaco boxes, gimblets, double wormed and common; spike do and tap borers, Thumblatches, plain irons, feiffars, fhem and thimbles ; fealing wax, cloak pins, picture and tent hooks, brafs knockers, chimney hooks, curtain rings, but and iron Jew harps, shovel blades, or pan bites, screwan window pullies, marking irons, with and without case: heft London trowells, corks, iron pots, kettles and fille of all fizes, iron tea kettles, thew or pie pans; dogs, cat and waggon boxes, French and Carolina indigo; alfo a ner version of the pfalms of David, in meter fet to music, by a

IN pursuance of all order made by the bon Daniel Horsmerin and William Smith, Ejgrs. two of the Judges of the fuprem court of judicature for the province of New-York, upon the pen tion of James Rivington, an infolvent debtor and fundry of b creditors : Notice is bereby given by the petitioners to all the creditors of the Said James Kivington, to fivew cause (if anythe have) before the faid Judges, at the house of the fuid Daniel Huy manden, fituate in King-Street, in the city of New-York, a Thursday the thirteenth day of Odober instant, at It of the che in the forenoon of the fame day, (being the day and place by in faid Judges appointed for that purpose) why an affigument of the said James Rivington's estate should not be made to Messes. Hut Wallace, Theophilatt Bache, Jacob Franks, Henry White, Levil Pintard, and John Fell, appointed by us the petitioners for that purpofe, and the faid James Rivington be thereupon discount according to the directions of an all of the prefident, the council, and the general affembly of the province of New-York mode al paffed in the first year of bis prefent Majesty's reign, entitled a att for the relief of infolvent debtors, and for repealing the all therein mentioned; and alfo of an all of the Lieutenant Governet, the council, and general affembly of the faid province, poffed in the fourth year of his prefent Majefly's reign, entitled an all for the relief of infolvent debtors, and for repealing the alls therein met tioned; with an addition thereto; as also one other att of the ge verner, the council, and the general affembly of the faid proving, made and paffed in the fixth year of his prefent Majefty's reign entitled an all more effectually to fecure to creditors the benefit intended by the acts for the relief of infolvent debtors.

American, &c. &c.

New-York, sth Ode. 1708. New-York Chamber of Commerce. T a Meeting of this Chamber, on the first Tuesdayis October, it was refolved unanimously, that no Mem ber hereafter, do purchase any Flour for Exportation with out starting one Barrel at least of each Brand Mark, and cause the same to be weighed, and if found to weigh more than it is tared on the Head, to cause the Remainder to be started and weighed; and that they use all Means in the Power to bring the Offender to Justice, agreeable to an Act of the Governor, Council, and General Affembly of this Co

Refolved, That every Member of this Chamber, do 1 their future Purchase of Flour, cause the same to be weighed and inspected after Purchase, and that the Secretary do caust these Resolutions to be advertised in the public News Papers ANTHONY VAN DAM, Secretary.

THOICE Cheshire and double Glow cester CHEESE, just imported and to be fold by THOMAS DOUGHTY, in Dock-Street. 43 46

NEW-YORK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office near the Exchange, in Broad-Street, where all Sorts of Printing Work is done in the neatest Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertisements of no more Length than Breadth are inserted for Five Shillings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after, and larger Advertisements in the same Proportion.

# SUPPLE

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The ANATO [Left out of our Paper on Thur

# HIS revolt of H almost the total but part of the lected by Mr. their preachers

to Leyden about the year 10 7 years, but at length, the I of them, or they grew wear complained of having fuffe among them, declaring the land was preferable to the Holland, whereupon many to England. Robinson and a general defertion, hit upo them together, and increase represented that New Engli that abounded with all thin that there were great expe treasures equal to those of A there they might become the ty state. Such a promiting having the defired effect; t fet themselves to work to New England of the Plyme obtain a patent from the made use of at court to ol the glorious pretence of pro religion among infidels; th ty's dominions; enriching and preventing both the Fi possessing themselves of this things being at last agreed of Independents, embarked at July 1020, and arrived at C land on the 19th of Novembe as they got footing on thore have no regard to the paten from the crown, but to elect out fuch a form of governm defigns. Having therefore and agreed to fubmit to fuch proved by a majority, they d instrument to that effect; and

Carver for their governor. Soon after this, Mr. Welte over with a number of paffen a fettlement, and accordingly ealled Wetaguiquatet, afterw unfortunately for Mr. Welton happened to be members of th and being therefore looked by the independents, and abthe favages, they were oblige ment, with the following cha and godly neighbours, " We " fo feandaloufly wicked, that

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The company in a little t Mr. Lyford as chaplain in th who being an episcopalian, we divine service and administered the manner of the church of En ters compelled him to conform of worship, and at last drove h

Some of the planters however ous churchmen, and finding t no ministers of their own, fet up in they used the liturgy of the and of these Mr. Samuel Brown brother John Brown, a merch and figure, were the chief, bei the first patentees. The deput to these gentlemen to demand separation, they represented, th the church established by law is try, it was highly reasonable t God in the manner that govern which they received their chi ought to allow the members of the of confcience they hemfelves the ble when they were on the other SUPPLEMENT to the NEW-YORK JOURNAL

OR GENERAL ADVERTISER.—NUMB. 1345. 

The ANATOMIST, No. III. [Left out of our Paper on Thursday laft, for want of Room,]

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# HIS revolt of Brown was attended with almost the total dissolution of his church; but part of the feattered flock being collected by Mr. John Robinson, one of their preachers, they removed with him to Leyden about the year 1610. Here they remained years, but at length, the Dutch either grew weary of them, or they grew weary of the Dutch, for they complained of having fuffered very great hardlhips among them, declaring that imprisonment in England was preferable to the condition of refugees in Holland, whereupon many of them actually recurned to England. Robinson and his elders apprehending a general defertion, hit upon this expedient to keep them together, and increase their numbers : They represented that New England was not only a place that abounded with all things defirable in life, but that there were great expectations of discovering treatures equal to those of Mexico or Peru, and that there they might become the founders of some mighty state. Such a promising scheme could not fail of having the defired effect; the adventurers therefore fet themselves to work to purchase a territory in New England of the Plymouth Company, and to obtain a patent from the crown. The motives made use of at court to obtain this patent were, the glorious pretence of propagating the Christian religion among infidels; the extending his Majeity's dominions; enriching their mother country; and preventing both the French and Dutch from possessing themselves of this definable country. All things being at last agreed on, our Brownists, alias Independents, embarked at Delft in Holland, in July 1020, and arrived at Cape Cod in New-England on the 19th of November following. As foon as they got footing on thore, they determined to have no regard to the patents they had obtained from the crown, but to elect a governor, and strike out fuch a form of government as best suited their defigns. Having therefore formed an affociation, and agreed to submit to such laws as should be approved by a majority, they drew up and figned an instrument to that effect; and then elected Mr. John Carver for their governor.

Soon after this, Mr. Weston, a merchant, came over with a number of passengers, in order to form a fettlement, and accordingly fat down at a place ealled Wefagusquatet, afterwards Weymouth; but unfortunately for Mr. Welton and his people they happened to be members of the church of England, and being therefore looked upon with an evil eye by the independents, and abandoned to the fury of the favages, they were obliged to quit their fettlement, with the following character from their pious and godly neighbours, " Weston and his men were " fo scandaloully wicked, that they were a nusance " to the very favages."

Soon after this, Capt. Gorges came over with feveral families, and Mr. Murres, a minister, all of the episcopal persuasion, with a design to restore the fettlement Weston had quitted; but this gentleman also finding how obnoxious he was to the Saints, returned to England, and fays the puritani-

cal historian " his bishop followed him." The company in a little time after, fent over Mr. Lyford as chaplain in the Plymouth colony, who being an episcopalian, would have performed divine service and administered the facraments after the manner of the church of England; but the planters compelled him to conform himself to their way

of worship, and at last drove him fairly off. Some of the planters however, being conscientious churchmen, and finding that they could have noministers of their own, set up an assembly, where-In they used the liturgy of the church of England; and of these Mr. Samuel Brown, a lawyer, and his brother John Brown, a merchant, men of estates and figure, were the chief, being of the number of the first patentees. The deputy governor sending to these gentlemen to demand the reason of their paration, they represented, that as they were of the church established by law in their native county, it was highly reasonable they should worship od in the manner that government required from which they received their charter; at least they ought to allow the members of the church that liberty conscience they hemselves thought so reasonable when they were on the other ade of the water ;

and as one article in their charter provided that all persuasions of Christians should have liberty of confcience, they did not know whether their denying it to them was not a forfeiture of their charter. But thefe arguments were called feditious and mutinous, and the holy brethren, determining to fuffer none to refide there that were not of the fame levelling principles in church and fate as they professed, forced the two Mr. Brown's to return back to Old England in the same ship that brought them over.

About the year 1630, one Mr. Blackstone; an episcopal minister, built a little house opposite to Charles-Town, by virtue whereof he laid claim to the whole peninfula, but the inhabitants of this town observing that the parson's situation was preferable to their own, they immediately dispossessed him, and justified the outrage by suggesting that Mr. Blackstone was an odd fort of a man, who would not join himself with any of the New-England churches; and when they had driven away this odd fort of a man, they laid the foundation of their capital city upon this very spot of ground; to which they gave the name of Bolton."

Having thus filenced or banished the episcopalians, they then fell foul of one another, and divided into two factions, the one zealous for the covenant of works, and the other for the covenant of grace.

For as the witty Butler observes,

- ' Zeal's a dreadful termagant, "That teaches faints to tear and rant,

" And independents to profess " The doctrine of dependences;

" Turns meek, and fecret, fneaking ones,

" To raw heads fierce, and bloody-bones ; " And not content with endless quarrels

" Against the wicked and their morals, " The Gibellines, for want of Guelfs

" Divert their rage upon themselves. " For now the war is not between

" The brethren and the men of fin

" But faint and faint, to spill the blood " Of one another's brotherhood."-

In thort, the covenant of grace men were feverely handled, and being at length banithed, retired to Rhode Island, where they planted a colony. I am the more particular in these matters because a late infamous feribbler has afferted, by " refugees who fled from the perfecutions of the imperious archbishop Laud, were Boston, Rhode-Iff nd, &c. first planted." And for the fame reason, I beg to add the following extract of a letter fent by some of those refugees to the bishops, clergy and members of the church of England, from on board the ship Arabel-'la, when they were quitting their native land; which will shew how unjustly this cry of persecution has

been kept up. "We beseech you, Revd. fathers and brethren, " by the mercies of the Lord Jesus, to consider us " as your brethren, standing in very great need of " your help, and earnealy imploring it. And how-" ever your charity may have met with fome occa-" fion of discouragement, through the misreport of " our intentions, or through the difaffection or in-"discretion of some of us, or rather among us; " (for we are not of those who dream of perfection " in this world) yet we defire you will be pleafed to " take notice of the principal and body of our com-" pany, as those who esteem it an honour to call " the church of England, from whence we rife, our " dear mother; and we cannot part from our na-" tive country, where the especially resideth with-" out much fadness of heart, and many tears in our "eyes; ever acknowledging, that fuch hope and " part as we have obtained in the common falvation, " we have received in her bosom, and sucked from " her breafts. We leave her not therefore as loath-" ing that milk wherewith we were nourished there; " but bleffing God for the parentage and education, " as members of the fame body, shall always rejoice " in her good, and unfeignedly grieve for any for-" row that may ever betide her; and while we have " breath, fincerely defire and endeavour the conti-" nuance and abundance of her welfare, with the "enlargement of her bounds in the kingdom of " Chrift Jefus," \* &c. &c .- This letter was figned by John Winthrop their governor, and a great number of reputable adventurers.

In this manner did fome of the perfecuted refugees write and speak of that church and her clergy,

whom their enlightened fons have fince to much abused, calumniated, and mal-treated!

But here I shall slop, and leave you to trace those. people from the period you have proposed. In the mean time, if any thing should occur to me, which I think may be necessary to eludicate this subject, you may expect to hear from me again, being very much, Mr. Anatomift,

> The friend of liberty, truth, and the church, HORATIO.

CHARLESTOWN, (S Carolina) August 16. The outrageous Opposition lately offered to the Civil Authority near Mar's Bluff, on Pedee-river, being at present a general Subject of Conversation, and by many attributed to the People called Regulators, it may not be amiss to lay before the Public the following Information, viz. That there are two Parties fo called, and the Proceedings of the one is frequently confounded with those of the other. That the first (called the honest Party) confists, in general, of People of good Principles, and Property, who have affembled chiefly about the Congarees, the Ridge, &c. professedly with the View of driving all Horse-Thieves, with their Harbourers, Abettors, and other Vagabonds, from amongst them; and that the other (called the Rogues Party) are a Gang of Banditti, or a numerous Collection of outcast Mullatoes, Mustees and free Negroes, all Horse-Thieves, &c. from the Borders of Viginia and other Northern Colonies (the very People whom the Regulators would have expelled the Province, or brought to Justice) and have taken up Arms to carry on their Villainy with Impunity .- The last Accounts we have received of both are, that the Former on the 11th past, took one Charles Sparks of infamous Character, on Pedee, and ordered him to receive 500 Lathes, and quit the Province: And of the Latter, that an armed Company of them, headed by one Gideon Gibson, on the 25th past, at Mar Marr's Bluff, furrounded a Constable and 12 Men, who were fent to bring one of the Villains before a Magistrate, and after a smart Skirmish, wherein two of the Constable's Party were mortally wounded, and one shot through the Shoulder, took the rest Prisoners, whom he discharged, after ordering them 50 Lames each. In the Skirmish, Gibson had one of his Sons killed, and another wounded in the Neck .- Proper Measures are taken to bring the Principals of this desperate Gang to Justice.

Sept. 13. Writs are to be issued this Week for electing the Members of the Hon. the Commons House of Assembly of this Province.

New-York, September the 8th, 1769. PETER VIANEY,

ONTINUES to teach Music, Fencing and Dancing, at Mrs Hayes's, opposite to the Hon. John Watts's, near the Exchange.

He proposes to open his Public Dancing School on the first Monday of October; where he will teach Minuets and French Country-Dances, at a Piftole a Quarter, and a Pistole Entrance.—He teaches— Ladies or Gentlemen in Private, either at Home or at their own Houses, at a Pistole a Month, and a Piftol Entrance,

As he teaches in the Style of the best Masters in Europe, and their Manner is discoverable in his Scholars, tho' none of them have yet had Time to be perfected in their Minuets, he makes no Doubt of being bonour'd with the further protection and Countenance of those Ladies and Gentlemen who have hitherto employ'd him.

Having been informed that he has been mistaken for a Dancing-Master, whose Behaviour to his Scholars gave just Offence in this City some Years ago, he takes the Liberty to inform those who are not acquainted with him, that he never was in this Country, till the Year 1764. And that all who know him, will do him the Justice to testify that his Conduct has ever been regular and unexceptionable.-

TO BE SOLD,

THE Right and Title in an Estate in the Bank of England, of Two Hundred Pounds Sterling, for further Particulars Enquire of the Printer hereof

Any Person inclined to Purchase said Estate, the Seller would take one Third of the Money in Goods on reasonable Allowance. Inquire for Edward Edwards, at Mrs. Mary Thompson's at Peck's-Slip.

" Hutchinfon's Hift. of Mafachuf. Bay, vot. I.

JGHTY, 43 46

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SAMUEL BROOME,

AND COMPANY; HAVE just imported in the Mercury, from London, and the last Vessels from Bristol, Liverpool, and Scotland; the following Goods, which are now felling at their Stove, near the Merchant's Coffee-House, on the most moderate Terms :

Dilworth's spelling books

Black and white gauze

Pins large and fmall

Clouting diaper

London pewter

Nails of all forts

Knives and forks

Spotted handle do

Shoemaker's do

Carpenter's hammers

chapel

Carving do

Cuttoes

forts

Bellowics

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Candleflicks

Dovetail do

Cruet frames

Shoe knives

Cheft do

Pad do

Splinter do

Plain irons

Mortice do

Bofton do

Tennon do

Pannels do

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Ditto hinges

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Razors

Fish hooks

Ditto tea do

Quart bottles

Three pint do

Two quart do

Corks

Shot

Brimstone

Wool cards

nine glass

Files and rafps

Powder and fhot

Slates and pencils

Scithes and fickles

Pewter table spoons

Whiting in barrels

With many other articles too

tedious to mention. 32

Brafs chair nails

Snaffle bitts

Taylors thimbles

Men's shoe and knee buckles

Horsewhips and half hunters

Brafs cocks, with and with-

Brafs handles and escutchons

Temple and common spec-

Six by eight and feven by

Ivory and horn combs

Iron and brafs jewsharps

Saih do

Compass

Broad chiffels

Common handfaws

Stock do

Thumb latches

Cubboard locks

Double fpring do

Awl blades and hafts

Rais'd joint do

Table do

Butts do

H and HL hinges

Worsted hose, plain & rib'd

Needles common and white

Penknives, Barlow and other

Taylor's fliears and fciffars

Gimblets double worm'd and

Compasses common and secl

Spike do and tap borers

Shoe pinchers and nippers

BROAD cloths in half | Large and small bibles | Testaments ... Six quarter coating of all co-Six quarter nap ditto Yard-wide frizes and fearnoughts

Duffeis and German ferges Pennistons and half thicks Strip'd linfeys and embos'd

Flauncis of all colours White and spotted swanskin Blue and drab kerseys Rofe blankets of all forts Strip'd ditto Forrest cloths Black filk velvets Black and drab cotton do. Half yard and half ell lastings Black figur'd do. & drawboys Thickfetts Black fattinet

Stocking pieces for breeches, Cotton checks of all forts Check linen handkerchiefs Printed blue and red do Spotted bandanoes Lunge romalls Cotton ftrip'd de Bed hunts Strip'd damafeus Tammies, durants and callimancoes of all colours

Venetian poplins Mecklins Check'd and frip'd camblets And a large affortment of other handsome figur'd Auffs

London camblets Ribbons a complete affortment

Irish linen Dowlas Quadruple Silefias Tandem do Dutch, English and Scotch oznabrigs Cambricks and plain lawn Spotted do Kenting handherchiefs plain and bordered Black and white filk gause

Black taffities Narrow do. of all colours Best balladine sewing filks London qualities Scotch thread of all numbers Shirt buttons Buckram Silk and hair buttons

Scarf twift do Sik, hair and fearf twift of all colours Callicoes, dark, purple, Light do Pencil do Women's and children's fans Black Lice and trimmings Cap do Black gimp and fringe

Women's shoes Scotch Inuff Men's castor hats Ditto felt Boys do Sailor's bound caps Men's gloves Women's gloves and mitts Women's worfled mitts Men's worfted hofe Gilt, filver'd and metal buttons of all forts Black and colour'd women's

mitts Hofes's and Briftol shoes Nutmegs Sealing wax and wafers Ink powder Writing paper and bonnet do Silk knee garters Wax Necklaces

Beeds well forted

BSCONDED from the House of the Subscriber, (Dyer and Scourer, on Golden-Hill, opposite the Harp and Crown, New-York) one Fargie Flin, on Irifb Man, a dark looking Fellow, about 30 Years of Age, black Hair, smooth tongued, by Trade a Blacksmith; and had on a mixt greyist Coat, and a lopped Beaver Hat. He took with him a Chest from the House of the faid Subscriber, in his Absence and in a clandestine Monner - Whoever will take up and bring the fuid Fargie Flin, to the Subscriber, shall have two Dollars Reward and all reason-HENRY BRABAZON. able Charges.

The Time of a Servant Maid, who has above a Year to serve, is an excellent Spinner, and under-Aands all Kinds of Housbold Business, to be fold by the Subscriber.

TOBESOLD, BY HENRY C. BOGART,

Next Door to Mr. Robert Ray's, near the Old Dutch Church; THOICE Muscovado Sugars in Hogheads fit for Shops, Jamaica Spirits, West-India and New-York Rum, Molasses, and a few Bases of Cotton.

PAINT STORE, At the White-Hall, New-York. HATH FOR SALE,

Spanish brown Yellow oaker Red lead Linfeed oil White varnish Spirits of turpentine

Vermillion Prussian blue White Vitriol Spanish whiting Paint brufhes, And all forts of crown Window-glass.

Also portrait painter's colours, canvas, hair and Fitch peneils, tools and gilt carv'd frames for portraits; leaf-gold, and filver, do. &c.

On Thursday the 27th of October next, at two o'Clock in the Afternoon, will be exposed to Sale at public Vendue,

TWO dwelling houses, situate in Duke-street, in the city of New-York, lying almost opposite one to the other, in one of which Sarah Pinto, now lives, and the widow Copp, in the other; and also a lot of ground in the commons, in or near Princes-freet, being lot No. 116, which is 25 feet wide in front and rear, and 100 feet in length; of which faid premises, John Wright, late of the city of New-York, watch-maker, died feized. The faid vendue will be held on the premises, on the day aforefaid, when the conditions of fale will be published by James Buvelot, and John Field, jun. Executors of the last will and testament of the faid John Wright. Sept. 14.

HENRY REMSEN, JUNIOR, and COMPANY; Have just imported for Sale, on the lowest terms, and now opening at their Store in Havover-Square, the following affort-

ment of GOODS: BRoad-cloths, of all colours | Bembazeen, cravats Newest fashion Bath beaver coating Blue and red frouds Striped and Indian blankets Kerfey blanketing 8-4 9-4 and 10-4 blankets Blue, green, red and grey 6-4 frizes

Narrow frizes of all colours Plains and forrest cloths Spotted ermine Fearnoughts of all colours Bear kin and coating Blue and red duffels Suxon green broad bays and embofs'd ferges

Blue red green, yellow, brown Wiltons, Sagathies, and Shalloons Very cheap ferge denim Blue and brown kerfeys Striped flannels and coverlids Everlastings and drawboys Blue drab cloth, Figur'd amens Durant and Calimancoe Irish and German linens Printed and pencil'd furniture

callicoes, and printed cottons Purple and other callicaes Light and dark ground chintz Crimfon barrateens Black toffaties Coloured perfiams, narrow ditto Peelongs and figured medes

Fish sheeting 8 and 3-4 dowlas and garlix Cambricks and lawns Packet dieto Piftol lawns, buckram Bed bunts and Flanders tick

Manchester velvets Worfted plufb Checks of all forts Ribbons and gimps Quality and floe binding Gartering, tapes Pins and needles Plain and figur'd filk mitts Linen and cotton bandkerchiefs Buckles, button links Thread, firt buttons Buttons twift, filk, and bair Muffatees, fans, knee garters Cotton romalls, and Barcelona bandkerchiefs

Women's purple, white, black and cloth colour mitts & gloves Men's frammy, wash leather and best buckskin gloves Women's and Girl's black werfted mitts Men's fingle and double frip'd worsted caps

Men's cotton Germantown caps Men's grey ribb'd knit flockings Men's and Women's worfled flockings Ivory and horn combs Blank books, playings cards

Pafte boards, Ink powder

Writing paper Go. Gc. Gc.

ALSO, The very best fort of woollcards, Scotch fnuff, cafter and felt hats ; white and black failers bound hats. A few clocks without cafes, that can be well recommmended.

-43 47-

## WILLIAM FAULKNER,

REM and GARRET RAPALJE, TAVE now opened the Brew-House at Brook-I land-Ferry, and have to fell at either of their Houses in New-York, Spruce and Ship Beer; also the best Pale Ale and Strong Beer for Shipping.

## Robert Meetkerke.

Surgeon and Practitioner in Phyfick, ATELY arrived from London, and who has studied and practifed in the different Hospitals of London and Edinburgh, acquaints the Public in general of New-York, that he will be ready to attend, and give his Advice in all Cafes of Surgery and Phylick, and is daily to be spoke with at Capt. John Gissords, in Maiden Lane, near the Fly-Market.

SAMUEL SP. SKINNER, At the New Brick Buildings, West of King's-

CELLS Rum and Cordials, made by him in 1766, extremely good, and exceeding cheap; -Cash for Molasses; and Molasses made into clean-flavoured frong Rum, upon reasonable Terms.

College, in New-York;

TO BE SOLD, By PHILIP LIVINGSTON.

At his Store on Burnet's-Quay, near the Ferry Stairs ; FINE Holland sheeting, dowlas, printed and pencil'd callico, purple callicoes, chintzes black and colour'd Persians, cambricks, lawns, diaper table cloths, filk romals; black, blue, and ash coloured peelong, fewing filks of all colours, checks of all forts usually imported; fine black and colour'd worfted patterns for breeches, tammies, durants, shalloons, fustians, Turkey stripes, but dets, filk Damascus, writing paper; powder blue, felt hate white-wash brushes, hand brushes, and shoe brushes; mar. ble chimney pieces and fquares; double and fingle refined loaf-fugar, lump fugar, tea kettles ; netting twine, 4d 6d 8d. sod. sad. 20d. 24d 3od. 2 and a quarter inch fheath. ing, 4 and a half inch deck nails; a complete affortment of buttons, shoe and knee buckles of all forts ; velverets, fill and cotton gowns. congo and bohea tea, worlted hofe, fnot boxes ; ivery and horn combs, needles, knitting pins, fplie bone, knives and forks, fham buck ditto; brafs and fithimbles, metal and sione links, 6 by 8 crown window glass, brandy aud geneva, quart bottles in hampers ; als coating, bearskins, frizes, plains, broad-cloths, spotted et. mine, ginger, and rape oil in jugs.

HAS just imported, and will fe'l on the most reasonable terms, at his ftore between Coenties-market and the Exchange;

QROAD clothes, 6-4 mixed and D blue coatings, 6-4 blue, red and green frize, 3-4 coat. ings and frizes; shalloons, ferges, tammies, durants and callimancoes of all colours; dorfetteens, half yard and ell black bombazeens, crimfon harrateens, chequer'd non-pariele ftriped and flowered ftuffs; worsted damasks, women's hose men's marble, knit, rib'd worfted hofe; felt hats, ferge de nim, oznaburgs dowlas 9-8 and ell wide, coarse and fine sheeting; Irish linen, 7-8 garlix; checks of all forts, bet bunts, 3-4 and 7-8 ticks, Flanders ticks, buckrams, brown Holland, clouting and napkin diaper, cambrick, 7-8 and yd. wide lawn, cotton romals, new filk and lungee ditto; palls. work, and Scots handkerchiefs. Scots threads, coloured do pearl necklaces, white cap lace, callicoes, yard wide, and 64 plain and ftrip'd muslins, sprig'd ditto, with and without ftripes, 6-4 book muslin; broad Persians of all colour, ftrip'd ditto, half yard and half ell, white and blue perfian, plain, black, white and fky mode; white and blue figur'd farfanet mode; blue, white and pink peclong fattins, rib bons, shoe and quality bindings, &c &c. Has also to fell Madeira wine by the pipe.

WHEREAS the Sterling Anchory, which was burnt down in the Night of the and of May, 1767, is now rebuilt, and carried on by Noble and Townsend : They take this Method to acquaint the Gentlemen, Merchants and others, who will be kind enough to apply to William Hawxhurst, in New-York, that he has good Affortment of their Anchors by him and that Gentlemen choosing longer shank'd or broader palm'd Aschors than common, may by leaving their Orders with fait Hawxhurft, depend on their being executed with Punctualin and Dispatch; and that they will undertake to make An chors of any Weight under so Ct for a Half Penny per th. less than those imported from Europe or the neighbouring Colonies are now fold at in this City (fecond Hand Anchen excepted) upon a little Notice any one may be supplied with Pieces of Iron drawn convenient for Fullers Screw-Pin, Carriage-Axletrees, Mill-Spindles and Cranks, and large Bar for making Rudder-Irons

N. B. Said Hawkhurst has also to fell, Sterling refind Bar-Iron, mark'd A Noble, drawn convenient for Sithe and Ax-making, Cart, Waggon, and Chair Tire : Likewik Sterling Pig-Iron, Pots Kettles, and Pot-Afh ditto; Carriage Boxes, Forge Plates, Mill-Rounds, and Mill-Gudgeons which are warranted found and good (at very reasonable

Said Hawkhurst buys home made Stockings and Shoe, Leather Breaches, pickled Cod-Fish, and Horse-Macked

#### Mrs. EDWARDS. Lately from ENGLAND,

REGS Leave to acquaint the Pub lic, that the propofes opening a School and Boarding for young Ladies, on Monday the 9th of October 1768. 07 polite Mr. Benjamin Moore's-fail-maker, near Peck's-Slip-

where will be taught-Reading, all Kinds of plain Work, Samplers, Cat Gu, Drefden Work, imitation of Lace. Sprigging on Muslin and Lawn; likewife all Kinds of Needle Work moft in Fashit in Europe; and the will inftruct young Ladies to make " their own Things in the Millenary Way, &c. Ladies 12 Gentlemen may depend on the greatest Care being taken it the Improvement of fuch Children as are under her tuition N. B. Young Ladies, either in Town or Country, may

boarded after the genteelest Manner and easiest Terms. New-York, Sept. 21, 1768. LL Persons who are Debtors

Creditors to James M'Comb, of the City of Ner York, an insolvent Debtor, are requested to settle with it Subscriber, and discharge their Accounts on or before 20th of December next; the faid M'Comb, and his pot oning Creditors having complied with the Acts of Affemi of this Province relating to infolvent Debtors; otherwi the Bunnefs, will be put into the Hands of an Attorney. JOSEPH FOREMAN, Affigues

Just imported in the Britannia, Capt. Munds, from London, the laft Veffels from Briftol, and tobe fold at HENRY WHITE's Store,

On Cruger's Dock, the following Goods, wit ROHEA Tea of the best Quality Loaf Sugar ; 8-4 and 9-4 Rofe Blankets, Indian St Blankets; Red and Blue Duffels, Russia and English & Cloth, Green and Spoted Rugs, Allum, Brimstone, Wolcards, Grindstones, Nails of all Sizes, &c. &c. &c. 414i